SEMESTER – II UCPHB20 – THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

Year: I	Course	Title of	Course	Course	H/W	Credits	Marks
	Code:	the	Type:	Category:			
Sem: II	UCPHB20	Course:	Theory	Core	6	5	100
		Thermal					
		Physics					
		and					
		Statistical					
		Mechanics					

Course Objectives

- 1. To introduce the law of thermodynamics and their applications.
- 2. To acquire knowledge about classical and quantum theory of radiation.
- 3. To understand the basic of statistical mechanics.

Course Outcomes (CO)

The learners will be able to

- 1. Become familiar with various thermodynamic process and work done in each of these processes.
- 2. Have a clear understanding about Reversible and irreversible process
- 3. Learn the working of a Carnot engine, and knowledge of calculating change in entropy for various processes.
- 4. Realize the importance of Thermo dynamical functions and applications of Maxwell's relations.
- 5. Learn the relation between the entropy and probability.

	РО						
СО	1	2	3	4	5	6	
CO1	L	Н	Н	Н	М	L	
CO2	М	L	L	М	М	Н	
CO3	Н	Н	Н	М	Μ	Н	
CO4	М	Н	Н	Н	L	М	
CO5	Н	М	Н	Μ	L	Н	

	PSO						
СО	1	2	3	4	5	6	
CO1	М	Н	М	Н	М	Η	
CO2	Η	Н	М	Н	Μ	L	
CO3	Μ	М	L	М	Η	Μ	
CO4	L	М	Н	Μ	Н	L	
CO5	Н	L	Μ	Η	Μ	Μ	

(Low - L, Medium – M, High - H)

Course Syllabus Unit I: Thermal Conduction and Radiation

- 1.1 Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity Thermal Diffusivity (K1, K2)
- 1.2 Rectilinear Flow of Heat along a Bar Forbe's method Lee's Disc Method (K3,K4)
- 1.3 Relation between Thermal and Electrical Conductivities Wiedemann Franz Law and Stefan's Law (K1,K2)
- 1.4 Derivation of Newton's Law of Cooling from Stefan's Law and Laboratory determination of Stefan's Constant (K3, K4)
- 1.5 Planck's Quantum Theory of Radiation-Deduction of Wien's Law and Raleigh-Jeans Law from Planck's Law (K1,K3,K4)
- 1.6 Solar Constants Temperature of the Sun Solar Spectrum (K2)

Unit II: Thermodynamics – I

- 2.1 Introduction Thermodynamic system- Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics Quasistatic process (K1, K2)
- 2.2 Statement of First Law of Thermodynamics Statement of Second Law (K1, K2)
- 2.3 Heat Engines and Ideal Heat Engine Concept of Entropy-Entropy of an Ideal Gas Reversible and Irreversible Process and their entropy (K2,K3)
- 2.4 Carnot Theorem and Proof of Carnot Theorem (K2, K3,K4)
- 2.5 Construction and working of Internal Combustion Engine Petrol and Diesel Engines(K3, K4)
- 2.6 First Latent Heat Equation Clausis-Clapeyron equation and Second Latent Heat Equation (K4)

Unit III: Thermodynamics – II

- 3.1 Thermodynamic Scale of Temperature or Work Scale of Temperature and its Relation to Perfect Gas Scale (K4)
- 3.2 Entropy Temperature Diagram (K3)
- 3.3 Maxwell's Thermodynamic Equations and its Applications (K4)
- 3.4 Thermodynamic Potentials Free Energy Enthalpy Internal energy Helmholtz free energy Significance of thermodynamic potentials (K1,K2)
- 3.5 Gibbs function Gibb's Helmholtz Equation Third Law of Thermodynamics (K1,K3)
- 3.6 Phase transition expression for the first orderand second order transition (K3, K4)

Unit IV: Low Temperature Physics

- 4.1 Introduction Production of low temperature Joule Thomson effect-Joule Kelvin Effect (Temperature of inversion) (K3)
- 4.2 Kammerling Onne's Method Liquefaction of Hydrogen- Liquefaction of Helium(K3)

(16 hours)

(14 hours)

(15 hours)

(15 hours)

- 4.3 Helium I and II Lambda Point, Viscosity- thermal conductivity- Rolling films (K3,K4)
- 4.4 Production of low temperature adiabatic demagnetization
- 4.5 Practical applications of Low Temperature (K3)
- 4.6 Refrigerators Air Conditioning Machines (K3, K4)

Unit V: Statistical Mechanics

(15hours)

- 5.1 Definition of Phase-Space Micro and Macro States (K1, K2)
- 5.2 Different types of Ensembles Definition and relation between entropy and Probability (K1)
- 5.3 Expression for Maxwell Boltzmann Statistics (K4)
- 5.4 Maxwell's law of Distribution energy (K3)
- 5.5 Expression for Fermi Dirac Statistics (K3, K4)
- 5.6 Derivation for Bose Einstein Statistics Comparison of Three Statistics (K3,K4)

Books for Study:

- 1. Brijilal and Subrahmanyam S. Heat and Thermodynamics Chand & Co., New Delhi, Reprint 1998.
- 2. D.S. Mathur Heat and Thermodynamics Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, V Edition, 2005
- 3. Arora. C.L. A Textbook of Heat and Thermodynamics Chand & Co., New Delhi, Reprint 1998.
- 4. Dr. D. Jayaraman and Dr.K.Ilangovan Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics-S. Viswanathan publishers 2016.

Books for Reference:

- 1. A.B.Gupta and H.Roy Thermal Physics Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd., Reprint 2005
- 2. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker Fundamental of Physics, 6th Edition Wiley N.Y., 2001
- 3. Roy Thermal and Statistical Physics S Chand & Co.,2001
- 4. R.Murugeshan Thermal Physics S.Chand& Co. Publication, Reprint 2004

SEMESTER – VI UCPHK20 – Relativity and Quantum Mechanics

Year:	Course	Title of the	Course	Course	H/W	Credits	Marks
III	Code:	Course:	Type:	Category:			
	UCPHK20	Relativity and	Theory	Core	5	5	100
Sem:		Quantum	_				
VI		Mechanics					

Course Objectives

- 1. Understand the concept of constant relative motion of different bodies in different frames of references
- 2. To introduce students to the concept of special relativity and its applications to Physical Sciences
- 3. To make the students understand the inadequacy of classical mechanics and the birth of quantum mechanics.
- 4. To study role of uncertainty in quantum physics.
- 5. To impart the knowledge about the postulates and the basic principles of quantum mechanics and operator formulation.
- 6. Students learn the concept of wave function and Schrodinger equation and their applications using spherically symmetric potentials.

Course Outcomes (CO)

The learners will be able to

- 1. Understand the concept of constant relative motion of different bodies in different frames of references
- 2. To introduce students to the concept of special relativity and its applications to Physical Sciences
- 3. To make the students understand the inadequacy of classical mechanics and the birth of quantum mechanics.
- 4. To study role of uncertainty in quantum physics.
- 5. To impart the knowledge about the postulates and the basic principles of quantum mechanics and operator formulation.

СО	РО							
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
CO1	М	Η	М	Н	Μ	М		
CO2	М	Η	Н	М	М	L		
CO3	L	М	Н	М	М	Н		
CO4	L	Μ	Н	М	L	L		
CO5	Н	М	Н	М	L	Н		

	PSO								
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6			
CO1	Н	Н	Μ	L	Η	Μ			
CO2	L	Н	Μ	L	Η	Μ			
CO3	Η	Н	Μ	L	Н	Μ			
CO4	М	L	Н	Μ	Η	Μ			
CO5	Н	Н	Μ	L	Н	М			

(Low - L, Medium -M, High - H)

Course Syllabus Unit I: Relativity

- 1.1 Postulates of special theory of relativity-Galilean transformation equation-Michelson-Morley Experiment (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 1.2 Lorentz transformation equations(K3,K4)
- 1.3 Length contraction and Time dilation (K1,K2,K3)
- 1.4 Relativity of simultaneity and Addition of velocities (K1,K2,K3)
- 1.5 Variation of mass with velocity and Mass energy relation (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 1.6 Minkowski's four dimensional space and Elementary ideas of general theory of relativity and its significance Red Shift.(K3,K4)

Unit II: Wave Nature of Matter

- 2.1 De Broglie wavelength Phase velocity and group velocity of de Broglie waves relationship between phase velocity and group velocity (K3,K4)
- 2.2 Experimental study of matter waves Davisson and Germer's experiment –
 G. P. Thomson's experiment (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 2.3 Wavelength of motion of particles like electron Electron microscope (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 2.4 Heisenberg's uncertainty principle $-\gamma$ ray microscope (K2,K3)
- 2.5 Application Diffraction of electron beam by single slit and Non- existence of electrons inside the nucleus (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 2.6 Explanation of Bohr radius Minimum energy of Simple Harmonic Oscillator. (K3,K4)

Unit III: Schrodinger Equation

- 3.1 Failures of Classical mechanics Wave function Physical interpretation of wave function Postulates of quantum mechanics (K1,K3,K4)
- 3.2 Operators for physical quantities (K2,K3,K4)
- 3.3 Eigen value equation Eigen values and Eigen functions (K2,K3)
- 3.4 Schrodinger's equation -Time dependent and time independent equation (K1,K3,K4)
- 3.5 Expectation values Expectation values of observables (K2,K3)
- 3.6 Ehrenfest's theorem (K4)

(15 hours)

(15 hours)

(15 hours)

Unit IV: One dimensional Problem

- 4.1 Free particle solution of Schrodinger's equation (K3,K4)
- 4.2 Bound state problems: Particle in a box (K3,K4)
- 4.3 Wave equation and solution for the particle Eigen values of energy (K2,K3,K4)
- 4.4 Normalization of the wave functions (K1, K3)
- 4.5 Simple harmonic oscillator– Square well potential of finite depth (K3,K4)
- 4.6 Rectangular potential barrier Tunneling effect. (K4)

Unit V: Spherically Symmetric Potential Problems:

- 5.1 Schroedinger equation in Spherical polar coordinates (K1,K3)
- 5.2 Reduction of two body problems in to one body problem (K3)
- 5.3 Hydrogen atom Wave equations for the hydrogen atom Separation of variables- Azimuthal, polar and Radial wave equations (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 5.3 Solution for Azimuthal and polar wave equation (K1,K2,K3,K4)
- 5.5 Rigid Rotator- Moment of inertia of a rigid rotator (K1,K3,K4)
- 5.6 Wave equation for rigid rotator and its energy levels- wave functions for the rigid rotator. (K3,K4)

Books for Study:

- 1. R.Murugeshan Modern Physics S.Chand Publication Reprint 2007 (Units I, III, V Rigid Rotator)
- 2. Arthur Beiser Concepts of Modern Physics McGraw Hill Publication, 2003.
- 3. S.P.Singh, M.K.Badge& Kamal Singh Quantum Mechanics S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Reprint 2001(Unit IV)
- 4. G.Aruldass Introduction to quantum mechanics Prentice Hall of India, Reprint 2005 (Unit IV)
- 5. D.Devanathan, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics Narosa Publications, 2019.
- 6. Kamal Singh, S.P.Singh Elements of Quantum Mechanics S.Chand publications Edition 2005 (Unit V)

Books for Reference:

- 1. Gupta Kumar Sharma quantum Mechanics Jai Prakash Nath Publications, 2017.
- 2. B.K.Agarwal quantum Mechanics Lokbharathi Publications, 2003
- 3. Sathyaprakash Mathematical physics S.Chand & Sons, Reprint 2006.
- 4. Sathyaprakash Advanced quantum mechanics S.Chand & Sons, Reprint 2006.

(15 hours)

(15 Hours)